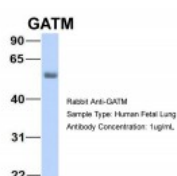


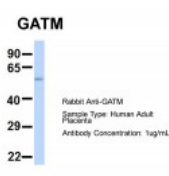


## GATM Antibody

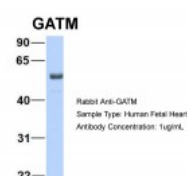
CATALOG NUMBER: 26-325



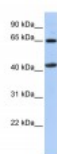
Antibody used in WB on Hum. Fetal Lung at 1 ug/ml.



Antibody used in WB on Hum. Adult Placenta at 1 ug/ml.



Antibody used in WB on Hum. Fetal Heart at 1 ug/ml.



Antibody used in WB on Human 721\_B cells at 0.2-1 ug/ml.

### Specifications

<b>SPECIES REACTIVITY:</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>TESTED APPLICATIONS:</b>	ELISA, WB
<b>APPLICATIONS:</b>	GATM antibody can be used for detection of GATM by ELISA at 1:62500. GATM antibody can be used for detection of GATM by western blot at 1 ug/mL, and HRP conjugated secondary antibody should be diluted 1:50,000 - 100,000.
<b>USER NOTE:</b>	Optimal dilutions for each application to be determined by the researcher.
<b>POSITIVE CONTROL:</b>	1) 721_B Cell Lysate
<b>PREDICTED MOLECULAR WEIGHT:</b>	44 kDa
<b>IMMUNOGEN:</b>	Antibody produced in rabbits immunized with a synthetic peptide corresponding a region of human GATM.
<b>HOST SPECIES:</b>	Rabbit

### Properties

<b>PURIFICATION:</b>	Antibody is purified by peptide affinity chromatography method.
<b>PHYSICAL STATE:</b>	Lyophilized
<b>BUFFER:</b>	Antibody is lyophilized in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. Add 50 uL of distilled water. Final antibody concentration is 1 mg/mL.
<b>CONCENTRATION:</b>	1 mg/ml

<b>STORAGE CONDITIONS:</b>	For short periods of storage (days) store at 4°C. For longer periods of storage, store GATM antibody at -20°C. As with any antibody avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>CLONALITY:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>CONJUGATE:</b>	Unconjugated

#### Additional Info

<b>ALTERNATE NAMES:</b>	GATM, AGAT, AT, CCDS3
<b>ACCESSION NO.:</b>	NP_001473
<b>PROTEIN GI NO.:</b>	4503933
<b>OFFICIAL SYMBOL:</b>	GATM
<b>GENE ID:</b>	2628

#### Background

<b>BACKGROUND:</b>	<p>GATM is a mitochondrial enzyme that belongs to the amidinotransferase family. This enzyme is involved in creatine biosynthesis, whereby it catalyzes the transfer of a guanido group from L-arginine to glycine, resulting in guanidinoacetic acid, the immediate precursor of creatine. Mutations in this gene cause arginine:glycine amidinotransferase deficiency, an inborn error of creatine synthesis characterized by mental retardation, language impairment, and behavioral disorders. This gene encodes a mitochondrial enzyme that belongs to the amidinotransferase family. This enzyme is involved in creatine biosynthesis, whereby it catalyzes the transfer of a guanido group from L-arginine to glycine, resulting in guanidinoacetic acid, the immediate precursor of creatine. Mutations in this gene cause arginine:glycine amidinotransferase deficiency, an inborn error of creatine synthesis characterized by mental retardation, language impairment, and behavioral disorders. Publication Note: This RefSeq record includes a subset of the publications that are available for this gene. Please see the Entrez Gene record to access additional publications.</p>
<b>REFERENCES:</b>	1) Kawasaki, H., (2006) Neurology 67 (9), 1713-1714.

**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY**

December 12, 2016